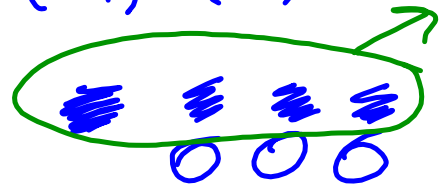


p.69 Q2

a)  $(-1) - (-4)$

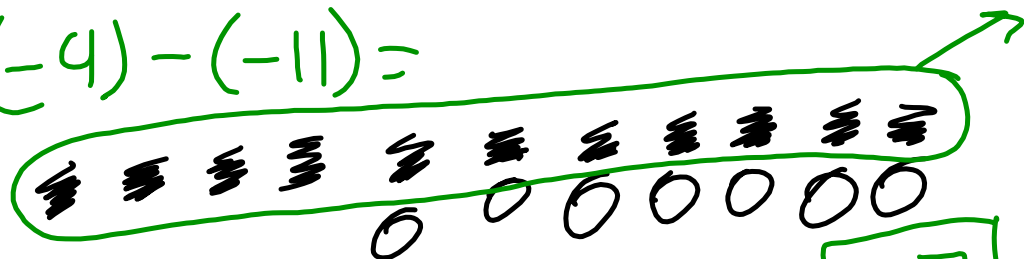


$+3$



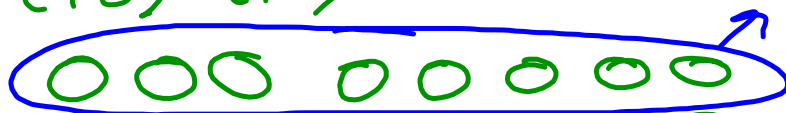
ajoute 3 paires nulles.

c)  $(-4) - (-11) =$



$+7$

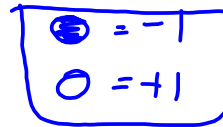
B)  $(+3) - (+8)$



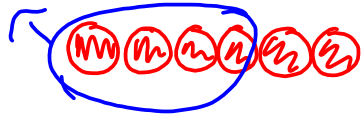
~~○~~ = -1  
○ = +1

**-5**

p. 69 Q3, 5



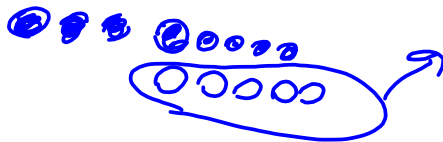
Q3 e)  $(-6) - (-4) = -2$



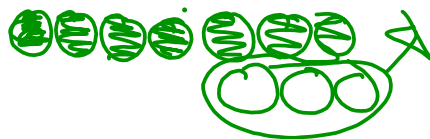
Q5 a)  $(+4) - (+5) = -1$



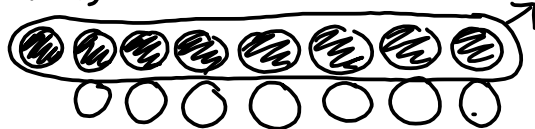
b)  $(-3) - (+5) = -8$



c)  $(-4) - (+3) = -7$



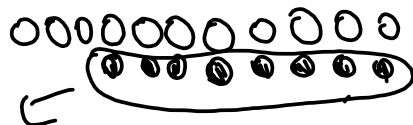
d)  $(-1) - (-8) = +7$



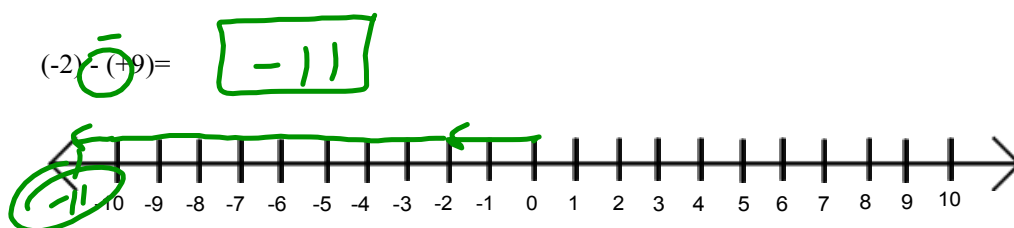
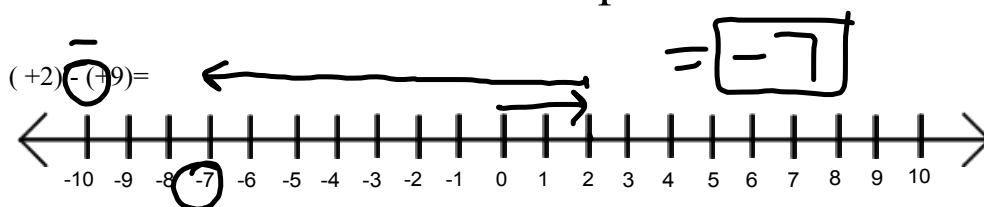
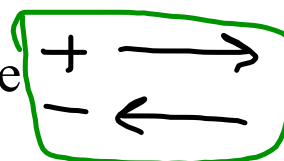
e)  $(+8) - (-2) = +10$



f)  $(+4) - (-7) = +11$



Soustraire des nombres entiers a l'aide d'une droite numeriques.



La réponse

$$5 - 3 =$$

Que faut-il ajouter a 3 pour obtenir 5?

$$3 + ? = 5$$

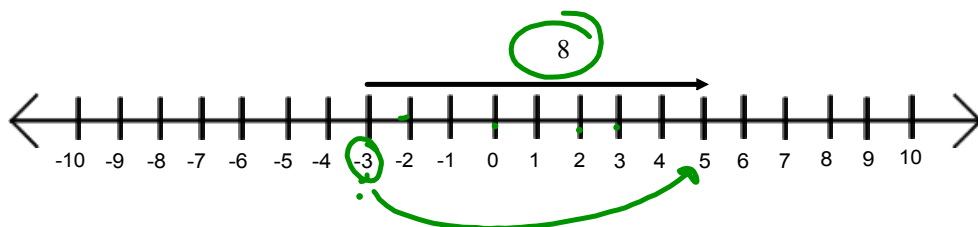
Il faut ajouter 2 a 3 pour obtenir 5.

$$\text{Donc } 5 - 3 = 2$$



$$(+5) - (-3) = 8$$

Que faut-il ajouter a -3 pour obtenir +5?



$$(+5) - (-3) = +8$$

p 73 Q1  $\rightarrow$  une droite numérique  
~~p 74 Q3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 12~~ seulement.

